

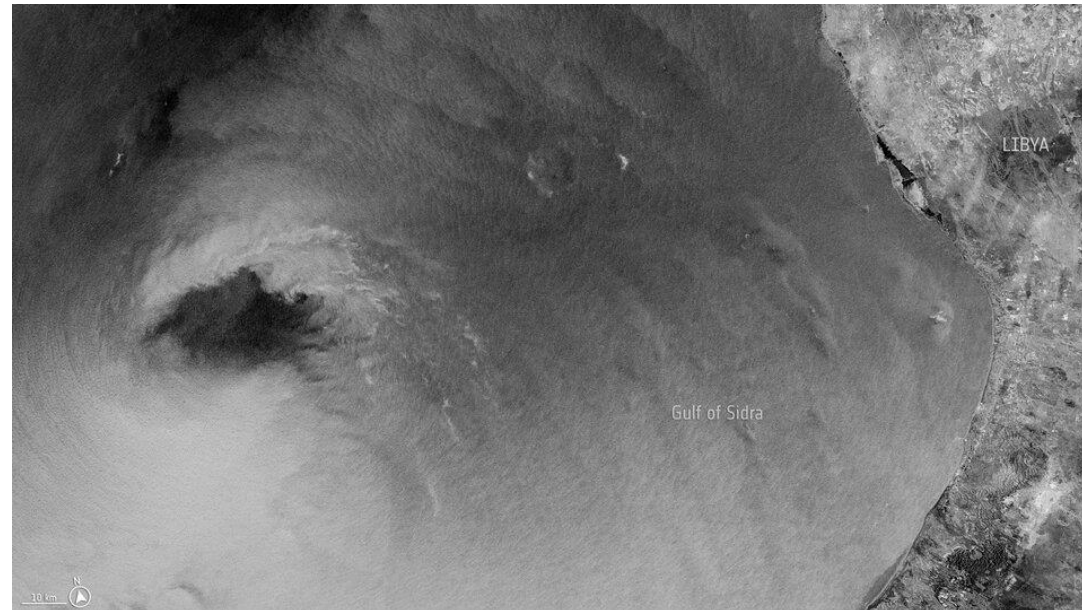
# ***Sea surface temperature anomalies associated with Mediterranean tropical-like cyclones***

*Francisco Pastor, Daniel Pardo-García, and Samira Khodayar*  
*Mediterranean Center for Environmental Studies (CEAM)*

## Medicanes

*A medicane is a mesoscale cyclone that develops over the Mediterranean Sea and displays tropical-like cyclone characteristics: a warm core extending into the upper troposphere, an eye-like feature in its center with spiral cloud bands around, an almost windless center surrounded by nearly-symmetric sea-surface wind circulation with maximum wind speed within a few tens of km from the center.*

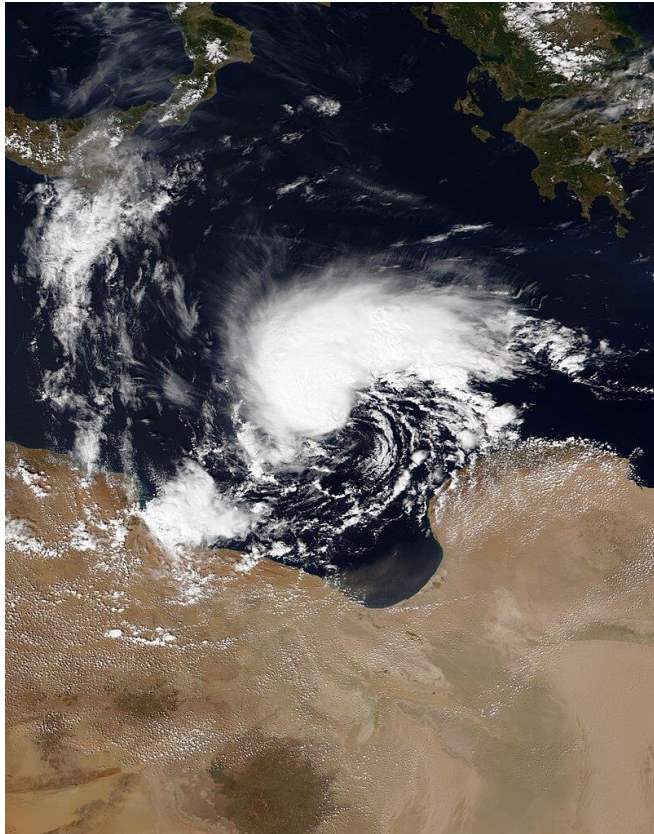
*Miglietta, M. M. et al. Defining Medicanes: Bridging the Knowledge Gap between Tropical and Extratropical Cyclones in the Mediterranean. Bull. Am. Meteorol Soc 106, E1955–E1971 (2025).*



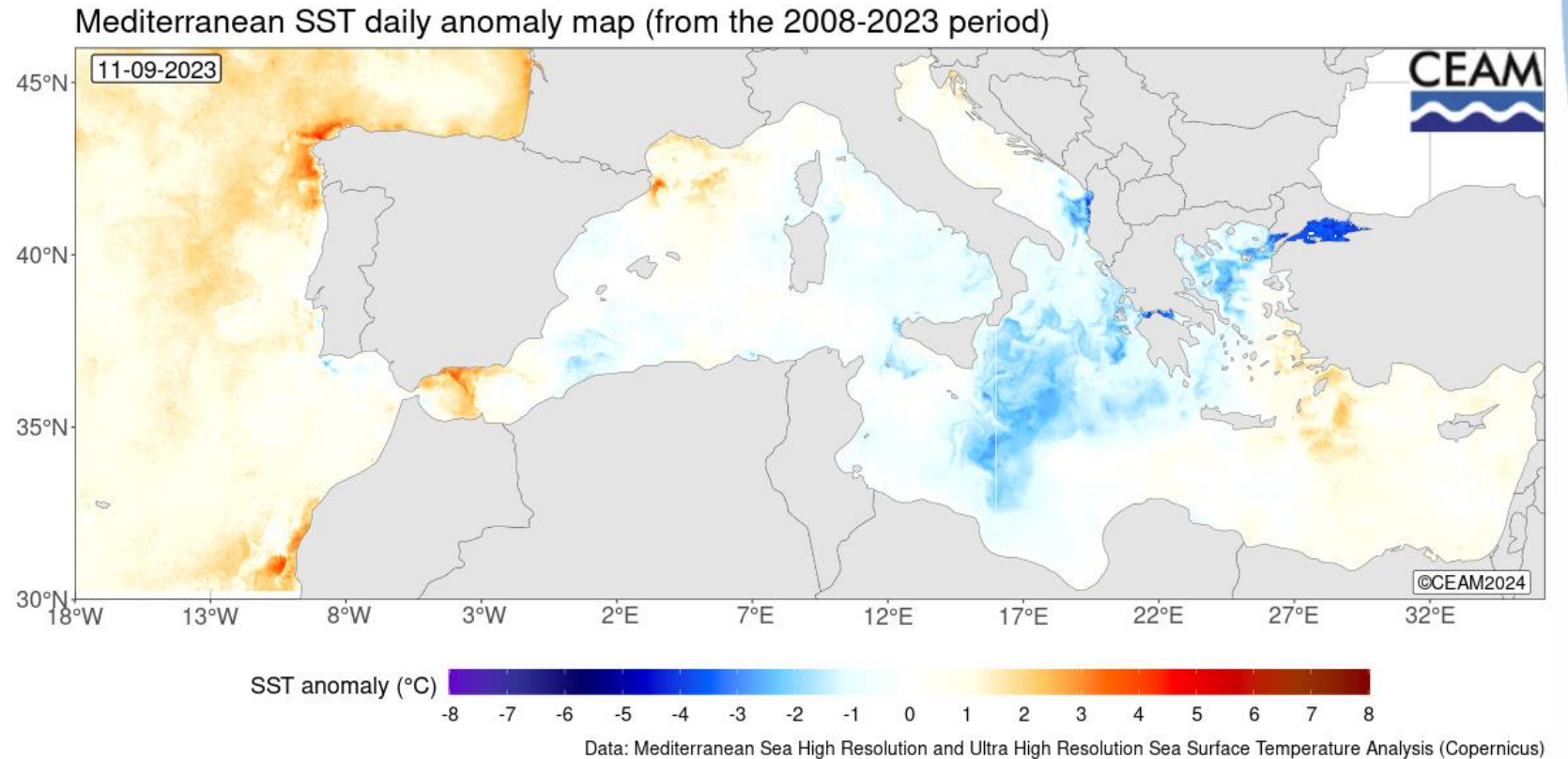
*Medicane Jolina (credit ESA)*

[https://www.esa.int/Applications/Observing\\_the\\_Earth/FutureEO/Getting\\_to\\_the\\_core\\_of\\_a\\_medicane](https://www.esa.int/Applications/Observing_the_Earth/FutureEO/Getting_to_the_core_of_a_medicane)

## Impact/feedback between Medicanes and Mediterranean Sea Surface temperature



*Satellite imagery of Daniel (September 2023) over the Mediterranean.  
(VIIRS imagery from NASA Worldview)*



## Data and methodology

### **Medicanes tracks from the ESA funded MEDICANES Project**

(Contract No. 4000144111/23/I-KE)

Source: Flaounas, E., et al <https://doi.org/10.5194/wcd-4-639-2023>

### **Mediterranean Sea - High Resolution L4 Sea Surface Temperature Reprocessed**

Source: Copernicus Marine Service  
(<https://doi.org/10.48670/moi-00173>)

Temporal resolution: Daily  
Spatial resolution: 5,5 km

### **Surface heat fluxes from Copernicus European Regional ReAnalysis (CERRA)**

Source: Copernicus programme  
<https://climate.copernicus.eu/copernicus-regional-reanalysis-europe-cerra>

Temporal resolution: Hourly  
Spatial resolution: 5,5 km

## Previous analysis on Medicanes-SST relationship

- SST drop in previous days
- SST decrease during medicane passage
- Time window from 2 to 10 days before and after medicane

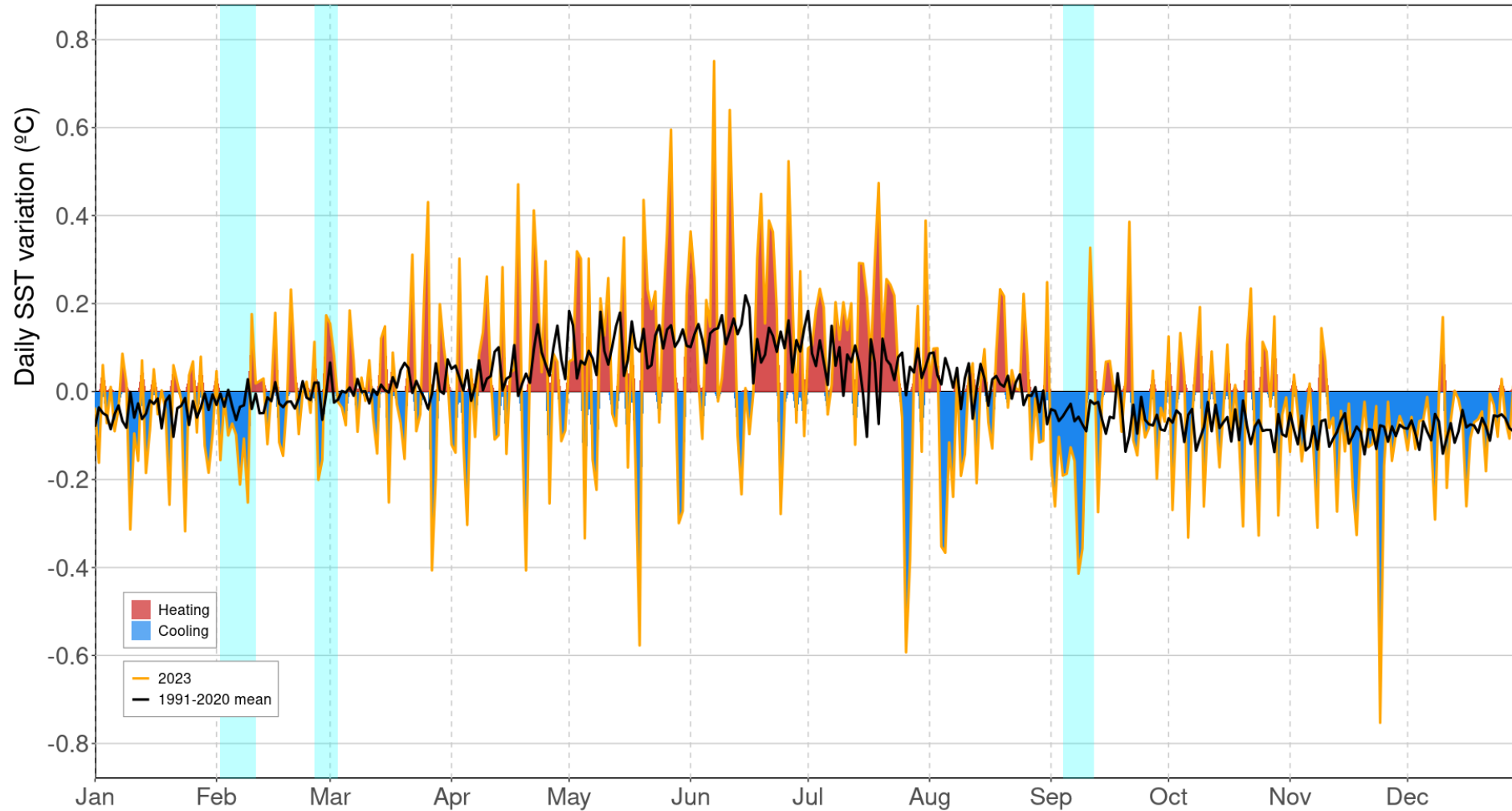
New indicator proposal: ***SST daily variation ( $SST_{dvar}$ )***

- Not seasonally dependent: unrelated to absolute SST values (warm autumn vs cool winter SST)
- Locally constrained (pixel by pixel analysis)
- $SST_{dvar}$  anomaly as indicator of “*stronger than usual*” energy transfer from the sea to the atmosphere

Through medicane passage

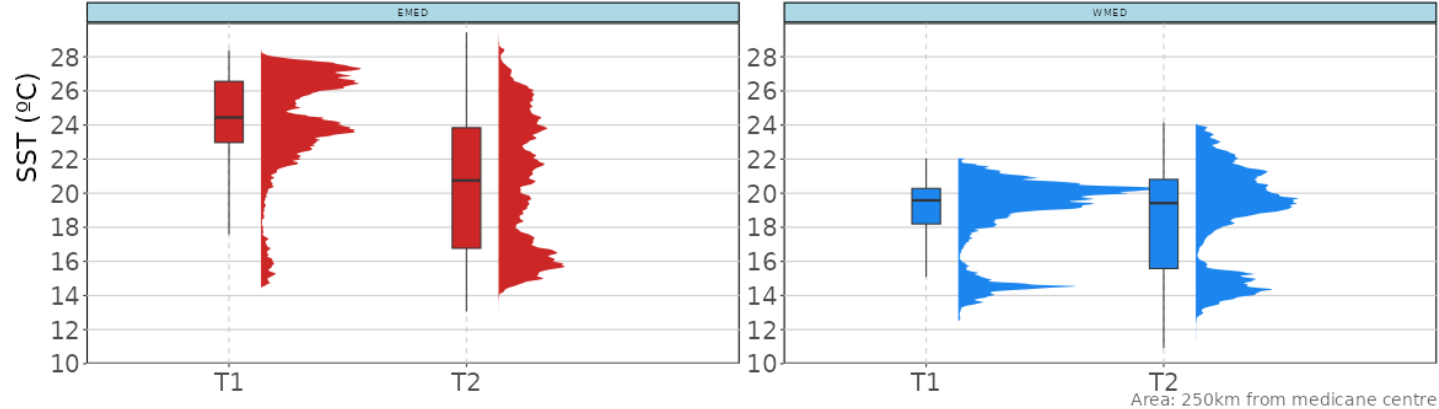
- Less intense warming or cooling from late winter/spring to summer
- Stronger cooling from late summer to winter

## SST daily variation climatology (by basin)

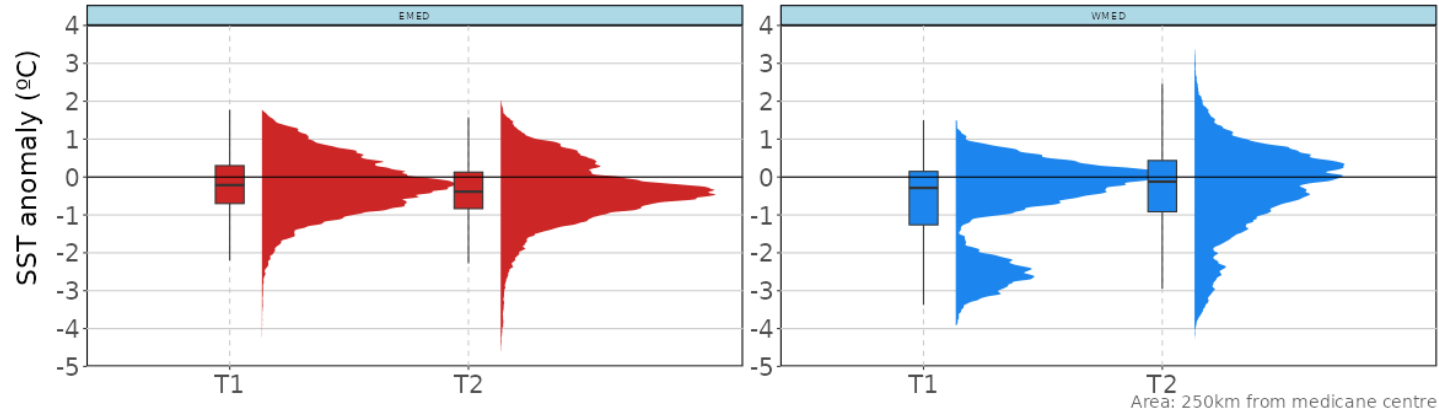


## Local scale analysis

SST distribution by State



SST anomaly distribution by State



## Medicane phase

- T1: cyclogenesis phase
- T2: mature stage

*Avolio et al. (2024)*

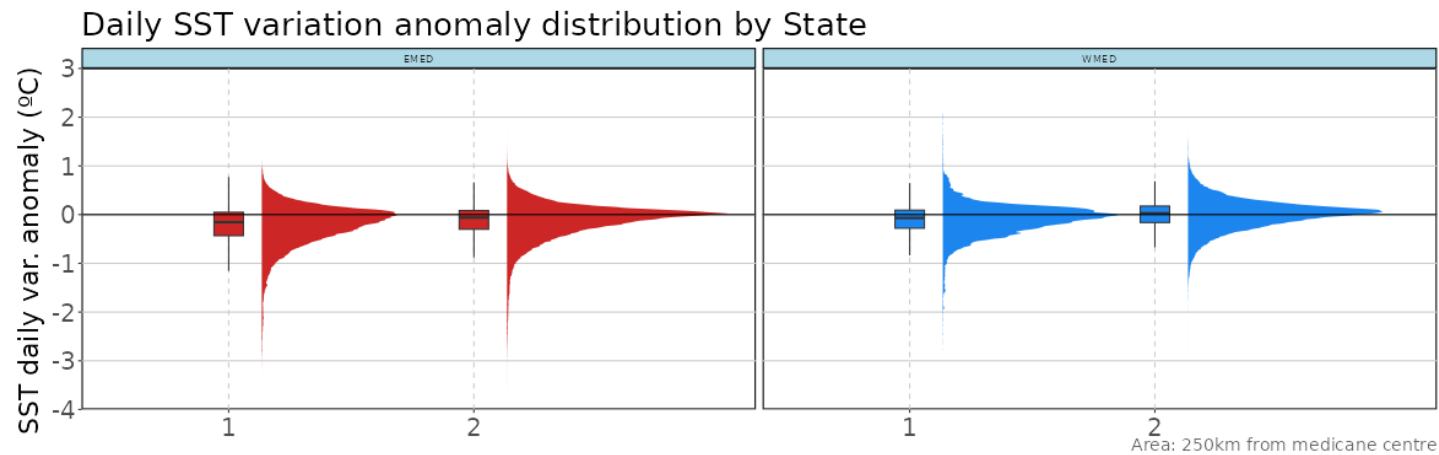
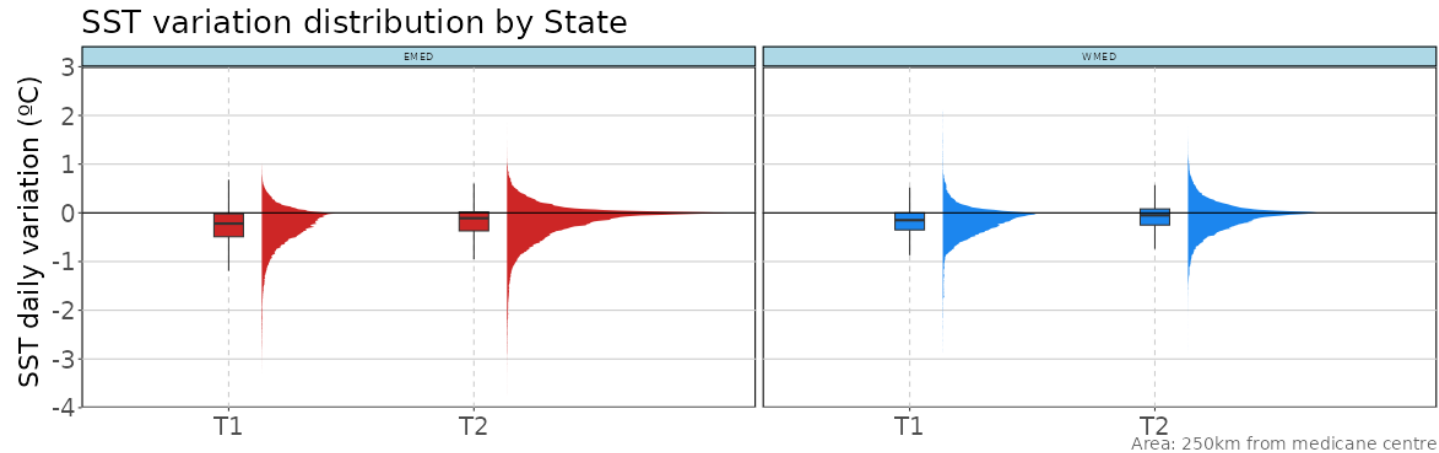
### EMED

- Mean SST strong decrease
- Change in the shape of SST distribution
- Weaker change in SST anomaly

### WMED

- No relevant change in mean SST
- Quite similar SST distribution
- Weak increase of SST anomaly (less negative)

## Local scale analysis



## Medicane phase

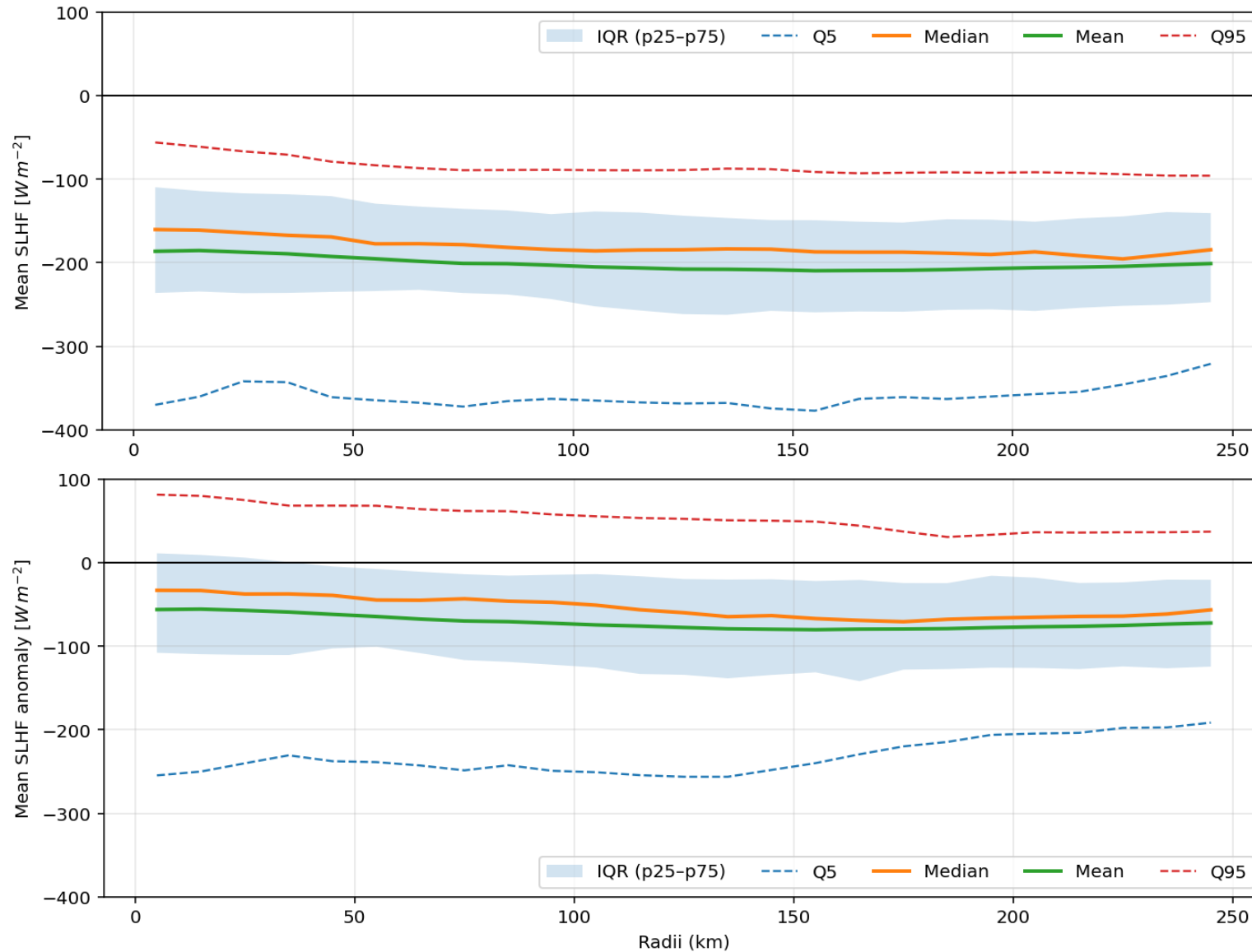
- T1: cyclogenesis phase
- T2: mature stage

*Avolio et al. (2024)*

## **BOTH BASINS**

- More negative SSTdvar values in the T1 stage
- More negative SSTdvar anomaly in the T1 stage
- Coherent behaviour in the whole Med basin

## Local scale analysis – Surface heat fluxes



### Surface sensible heat flux

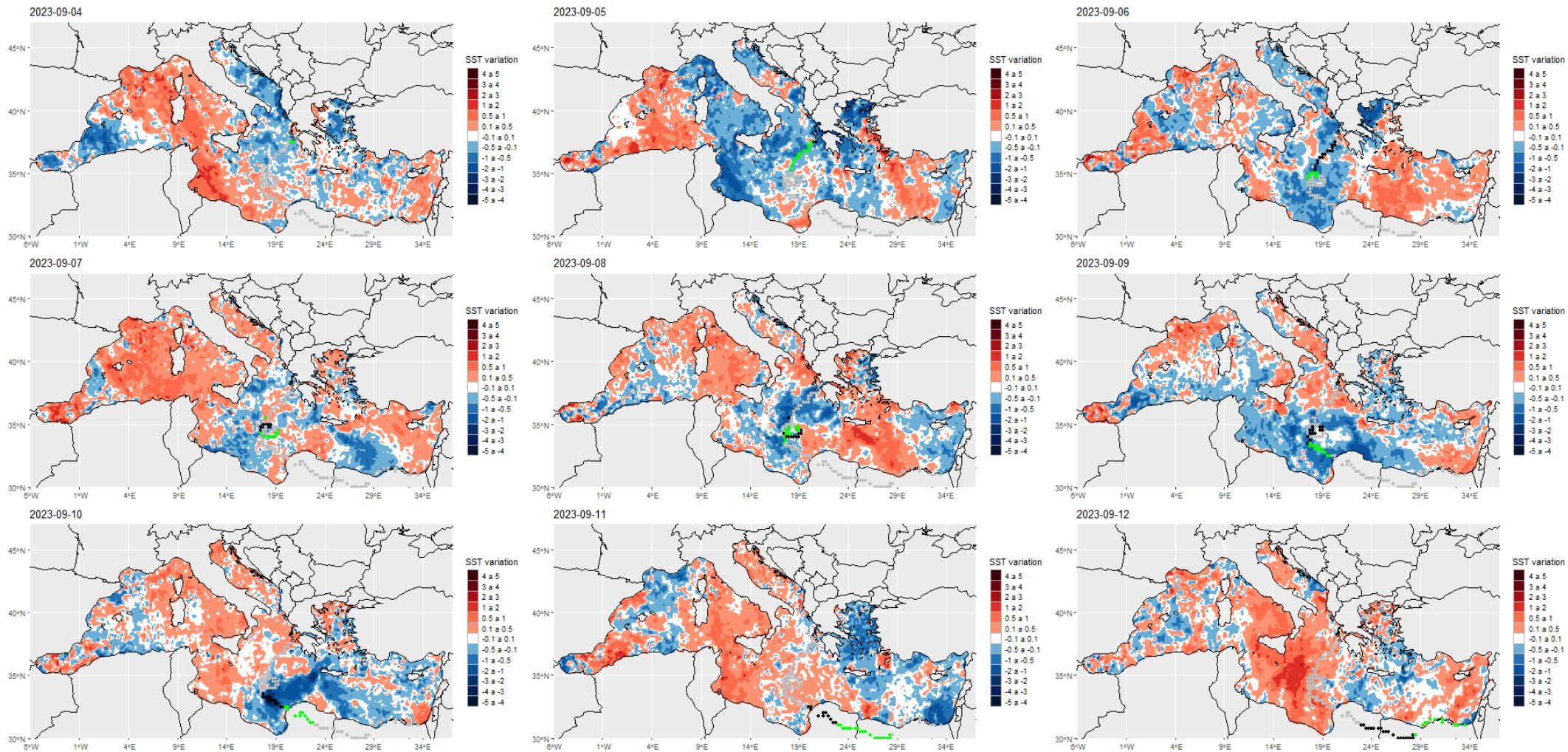
- No relevant change with distance

### Surface latent heat flux (SLHF)

- Maximum SLHF mean value around 150 km from medicane centre
- Maximum SLHF mean anomaly value beyond 150 km from medicane centre
- Results consistent with literature locating deep convection in medicanes

## Heat fluxes and SST daily variation

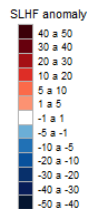
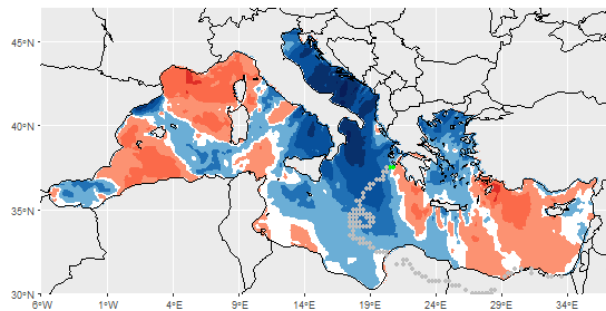
Daniel SST daily variation  
Escala: -4 a 4°C



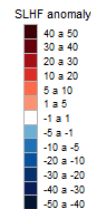
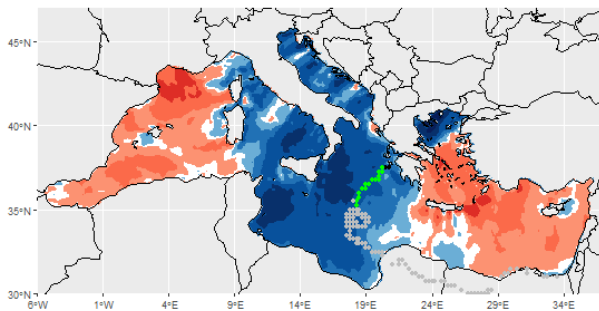
## Heat fluxes and SST daily variation

Daniel SLHF daily anomaly  
Escala: -50 a 50°C

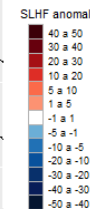
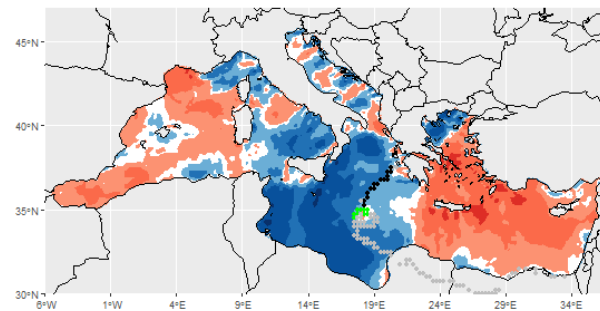
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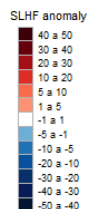
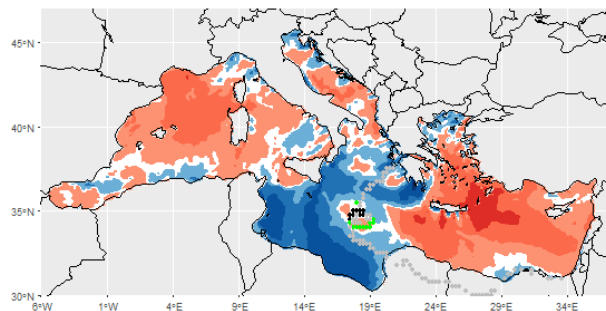
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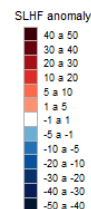
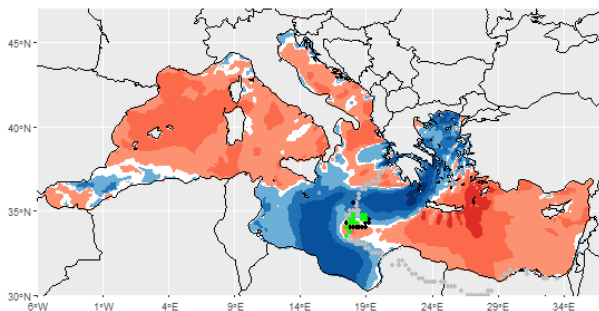
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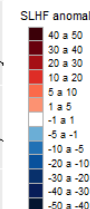
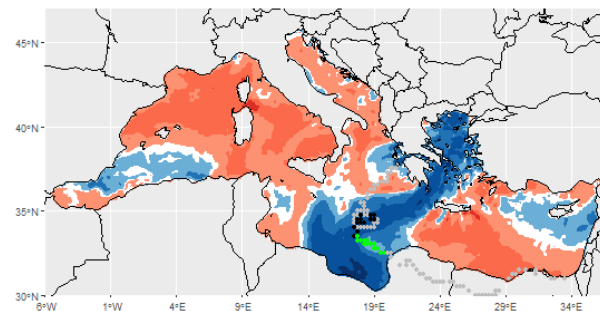
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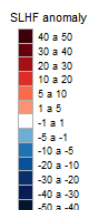
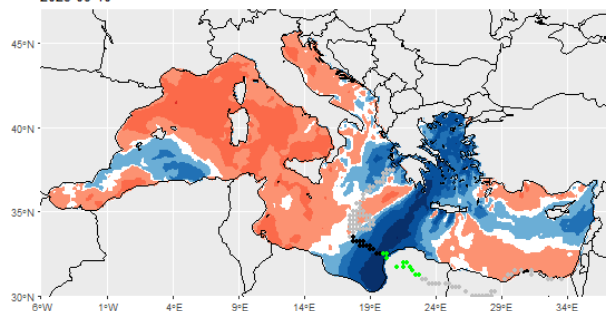
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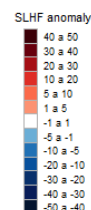
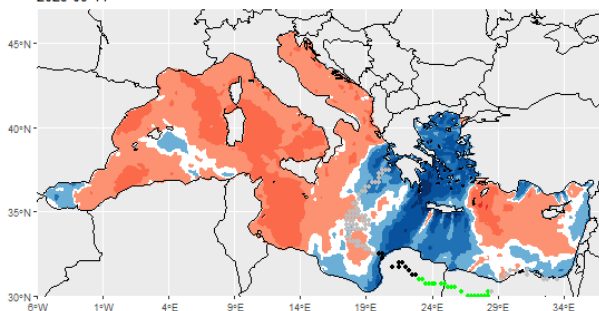
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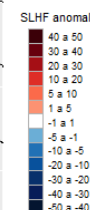
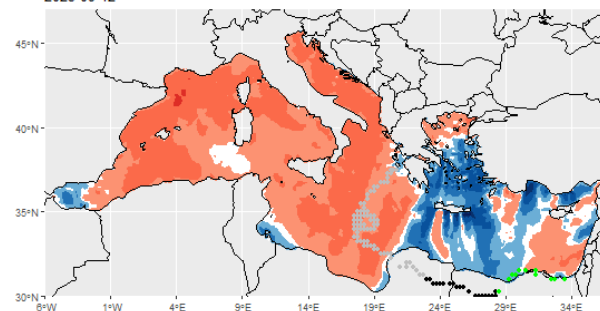
2023-09-10



2023-09-11



2023-09-12



## Conclusions

- Strong impact/feedback between medicanes and SST field
  - Noticeable fingerprint of medicane passage from whole basin to regional scale
  - More intense impact observed at local scale (250 km)
- More relevant in the cyclogenesis stage
  - SST, SST anomaly and SSTdvar at the cyclogenesis phase
- Heat fluxes dominated by most negative latent heat fluxes
- ***SST daily variation***
  - More coherent behaviour across the whole Mediterranean basin than SST or SST anomaly
  - ***Good indicator of SST-medicane correlation***

# Acknowledgement

*Work supported by*



*European Space Agency through Earth Observations as a cornerstone to the understanding and prediction of tropical like cyclone risk in the Mediterranean*

<https://medicanes.isac.cnr.it/project.html>



*COST through the Action CA22162 FutureMed*

<https://www.futuremedaction.eu>

**Thanks for your attention!**



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